

ax (310) 640-6863



2024 Soil Form - How To Submit Soil Sample(s):

Select an Area to Sample

The area needs to be uniform in color, texture, depth, and drainage with the same fertilizing program and type of use. Lawns, trees, flowerbeds, cut and fill areas should be tested individually. An area containing multiple trees and shrubs can be grouped into one area if the plant appearance is the same. Plants with unusual symptoms need to be tested separately. Very large areas should have multiple

Multiple samplings should be taken from any one area, combined and then sub sampled for a submittal. Avoid sampling unusual areas such as burned spots or extra lush growth unless they are being sampled to determine the cause of their differences. Surface litter is normally removed. If one plant is being sampled, sample at least two or three spots. If multiple plants are being sampled, sampling one spot per plant is sufficient. For lawns, flowerbeds, vegetable gardens sample at least five sites, ten sites will be more representative, however.

Depth of Soil Sampling

For new planting, sample from the surface extending as deep as the soil will be amended, generally 6 inches for groundcover, 24 inches for small boxed trees and 3 to 4 feet for large boxed trees.

For existing turf, sample 2 to 6 inches or the depth of the rooting zone, whichever is shallower.

For flower beds and vegetable gardens, sample generally from surface to 6 or 8 inches.

For trees and shrubs, sample from the surface to the active rooting depth which may extend to 12 or 18 inches. For best data, sample distinctive soil profiles individually.

How to Sample

Use a soil probe or soil auger to remove a core sample. Otherwise, use a shovel to dig a hole to the desired depth. Sample the soil from the side of the hole by scraping it with a trowel. The tools need to be clean and not rusty. Avoid sampling when the soil is too wet.

How to Combine Samples from Multiple Holes

Place the soil from the various holes taken from each sampled area into a clean plastic bucket. Mix the soil together homogeneously. Place two to three cups of the composite subsample (gravely, rocky soils need several cups more) into a zip lock plastic bag (about half full).

How to Ship

Remove the excess air from the bag, zip lock it, fold it a few times, secure it with a rubber band and place it in a suitable mailer. Send the sample by mail, UPS or overnight carrier along with a brief description of the sample and future use of the area. For more than one sample, assign it a number and label the bag. Record the details in your files. Provide your name, phone number, address, email address and fax number if you wish to have the data faxed back.

Ship to Wallace Laboratories:

365 Coral Circle, El Segundo, CA 90245 USA

Use this form to submit soil sample(s) • online users, please fill in the info below by clicking in the different sections then print the form to send in with sample.

Contact Name:	Company:		
Day time number:	Cell/Evening number:		
Fax number:	eMail address:		
Address:	City: State: Zip:		
Test(s) to be completed:			
total # description / cost			
1) Standard Agricultural Soil Suitability Analysis:			
\$95.00 for one sample			
 \$90.00 each for 2 or more samples submitted at the same time for the same job Soil analysis includes pH, salinity, concentrations of soluble salts, fertility (all 15 essential nutrients), sodium, and concentrations of 15 non-essential trace metals including aluminum, arsenic, cadmium, lead; SAR, moisture and more. The soil report includes a narrative report of the major soil properties and recommendations. Describe whether the testing is for new landscape installation, site maintenance, gardening, new farm land, current farming, etc. 			
2) Media Suitability Analysis:	gen. Test to be done on organic soils, potting soils, lightweight soils, etc		
3) Comprehensive written soil report with more extensive evaluation	ons and recommendations - <i>Use form found on page 2</i> \$50.00 Must be done in addition to Option 1, 2 or 6		
4) Soil Organic matter quality evaluation: total organic carbon and	total nitrogen:\$60.00 per sample		
5) Total Analysis of Heavy Metals (epa 3051A)	\$140.00 per sample		
	\$270.00 per sample otal concentrations, bulk density, organic matter, carbon:nitrogen ratio, bulk density, moisture, and more.		
	\$130.00 per sample activated charcoal sequesters herbicides, pesticides and organic toxins.		
8) Soil Management Report:			
\$195.00 for one sample			
\$190.00 each for 2 or more samples submitted at the same time for the (Required by State of California AB 1881 for building permits) Includes Standard Agricultural Soil Suitability, soil texture, soil organic matter			
9) Other (*Please check the appropriate test(s) below needed)			
texture (\$40.00) water percolation rate (\$40.00) CEC (catio	on exchange capacity), base saturation and percentages of exchangeable cations (\$50.00)		
Payment Payable by Money Order or Checks Only • Please	make payable to Wallace Laboratories		
Amount of money order or check:	check number:		
Standard Agricultural Soil Suitability Form:			
Job Site / Client Name:	Sample Number: of		
++Description of what soil will be tested for:			
	Depth of sample:		
additional information:			

Job Site / Client Name:	Sample Number:	of
++Description of what soil will be tested for:		
Location on site:	Depth of sample:	
additional information:		
Job Site / Client Name:	Sample Number:	of
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Location on site:	Depth of sample:	
additional information:		
Job Site / Client Name:	Sample Number:	of
	Depth of sample:	
additional information:		
Comprehensive Soil Report Form		
fee. (please use space below for answer)	water percolation based on the USDA model will be provided at no a	
for site maintenance**	Leaf Characteristics	
Plant Diagnosis	Leaf appearance and recent changes	
plant species	Leaf spots, holes or shredding	
Mechanical damage	Root proliferation	
degree of soil compaction	Are roots limited to rootball?	
Is the soil crusted?	Amount of new root growth in backfill soil	
depth of soil amending	root damage	
depth of topsoil	coloration of roots	
type of topsoil	Nutrient deficiencies or excesses	
type of subsoil	Irrigation type	
depth of soil moisture	irregular pattern	
water logging or water deficit	Irrigation coverage and frequency	
Plant Characteristics	length and frequency	
proliferation, suckering, non flowering	weather extremes	
Chlorosis, necrosis or discoloration		
Wilting or malformation	insect injury	
Stunted or lodging	chemical damage	
Discoloration of internal tissue	Presence of Diseases	